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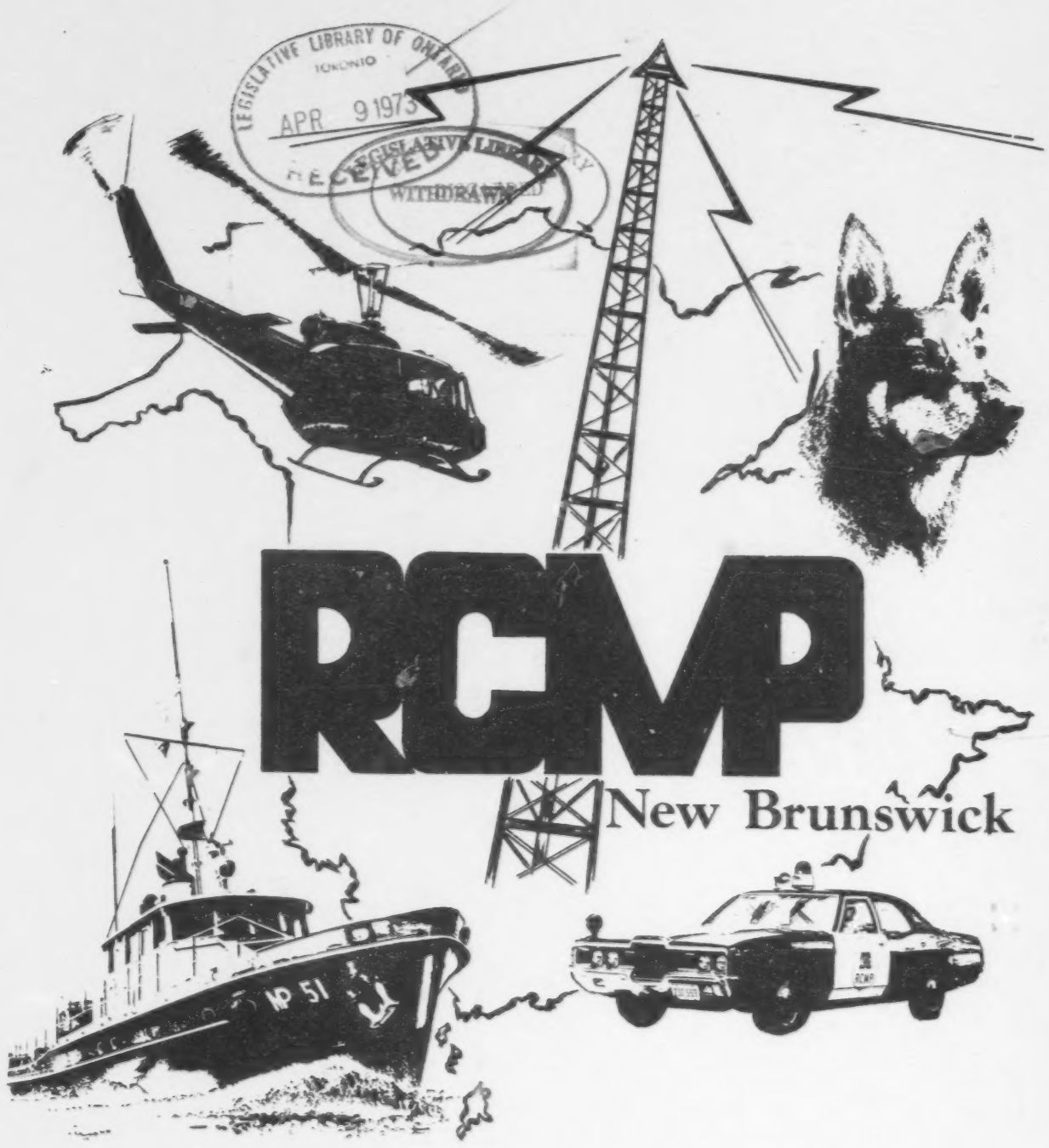

ANNUAL REPORT - 1972

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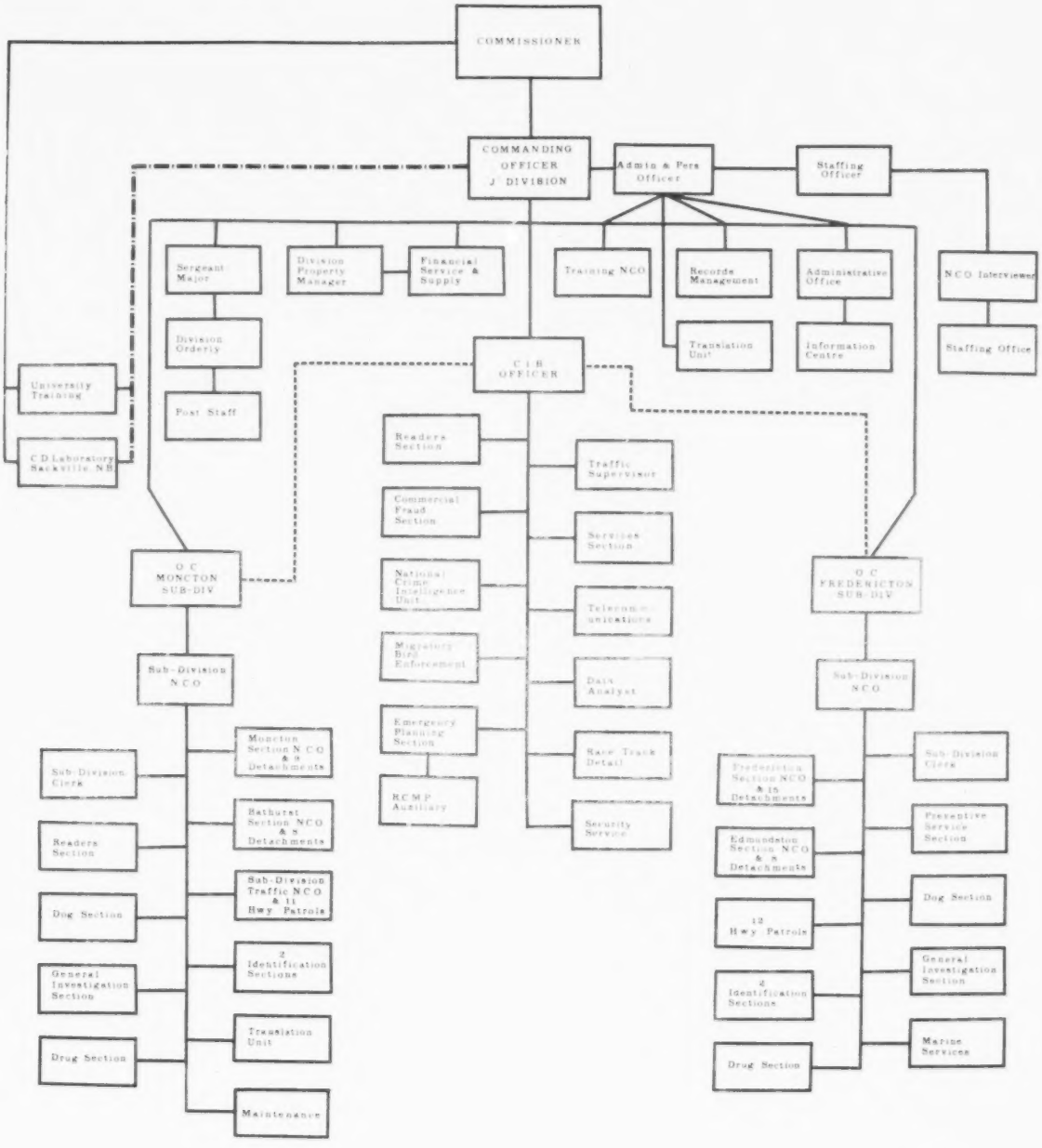
I N D E X

	Page
Migratory Birds Convention Act	8
Municipal Policing	4
N.C.I.U.	12
Noncriminal Investigations	24
Offenses Against the Rights of Property	22
Offenses Relating to Currency	21
Organization	1
Other Provincial Statutes	23
Police Service Dogs	5
Police Transports	4
Provincial and Municipal Laws	14
R.C.M.P. Auxiliary Force	9
Racetrack Detail	8
Revenue Collected for the Province	24
Special Squads	8
Staffing Branch - Recruiting	25
Telecommunications	5
Temporary Summer Detachments	4
Tourist Alert	24
Traffic Offenses	15
Training Program	25
Vascar	18

I N D E X

	Page
Accidents Graph	17
Administration	2
Arson	21
Auxiliary Force	9
Awards, Presentation of	2
Breathalyzer Operations	18
Buildings and Accommodation	27
Cases Still Under Investigation	21
Changes in Commissioned Personnel	2
Commercial Fraud Section	12
Conclusion	27
Crime Detection Laboratories	7
Crime Index Section	7
Criminal Code Offenses	14
Criminal Negligence	23
Drugs	10
General Investigation Sections	13
Identification Sections	6
Interesting Cases	15
Interpol	7
Intoxicated Persons Detention Act	23
Liquor Control Act	22
Marine Services	5

ORGANIZATION



ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE

"J" Division Headquarters

Fredericton, N. B.,
March, 15, 1973.

The Honourable,
The Minister of Justice,
Province of New Brunswick,
Fredericton, N. B.

Sir:

I have the honour to submit the annual report of "J" Division Royal Canadian Mounted Police, which by contract policed the Province of New Brunswick during 1972. This report describes the organization and administration of our Force in New Brunswick. It also contains some highlights of the multifarious duties we performed over the past year.

ORGANIZATION

"J" Division Headquarters is located at Fredericton, N. B. There are 40 detachments situated in the province, 17 commanded by the Officer in Charge of Moncton Sub-Division and 23 commanded by the Officer in Charge of Fredericton Sub-Division.

The authorized establishment strength of "J" Division is 461 persons. As of December 31, 1972, our Force employed a total of 483 persons within the Province. This figure includes administrative, detachment, municipal and Public Service personnel. Manpower allocation within our Division is outlined in Appendix "A"; this chart shows the location of sub-division, special squad, detachment and highway patrol units. The Provincial contract strength of the Division as of December 31, 1972, was 306 members. In addition, 30 members were employed under contract to five municipalities.

ADMINISTRATION

Officers stationed within the province as of December 31, 1972 were -

Chief Superintendent W. G. Hurlow
Commanding Officer

Superintendent J. E. J. B. Giroux
Officer in Charge Criminal Investigation Branch

Superintendent M. R. Christensen
Officer Commanding Fredericton Sub-Division

Superintendent C. A. J. J. Philion
Officer Commanding Moncton Sub-Division

Inspector D. D. Cliffe
Administrative and Personnel Officer

Inspector S. W. Kelly
Division Staffing Officer.

CHANGES IN COMMISSIONED PERSONNEL

Superintendent J. B. Giroux replaced Superintendent P. H. Bourassa as Officer in Charge Criminal Investigation Branch. Superintendent C. A. Philion replaced Superintendent J. P. Drapeau as Officer Commanding Moncton Sub-Division

PRESENTATION OF AWARDS

Royal Canadian Humane Association awards were received by four serving members in 1972.

Constable W. W. Nichol was awarded a Bronze Medal in recognition of his bravery when he rescued a seven-month-old baby from a burning motel unit in Perth-Andover on December 23, 1970.

Constable E. A. M. Arsenault received the "Certificate of Merit" for successfully applying mouth-to-mouth resuscitation, under extremely nauseating conditions, to a Shippegan fisherman on August 9, 1970.

Corporal C. S. Miller and Constable I. G. Gemmell were presented with awards "In Recognition of Merit"

His Honour, The Lieutenant Governor
of the Province of New Brunswick

Awards Presentation and Review
Fredericton, N. B., January 13, 1972

for their prompt and persistent application of external heart massage and oral resuscitation, on May 16, 1971, to a person apparently dead from drowning. These two awards were presented at a regular Council meeting of the Village of Port Elgin, N. B.

The Royal Canadian Mounted Police Long Service Medal, as approved by Royal Warrant, is awarded to regular members who have completed twenty years of service and who otherwise qualify. During 1972, fifteen Long Service Medals and one 25-year Bronze Clasp were presented to qualifying members serving in this Division.

MUNICIPAL POLICING

The communities listed hereunder were policed by our Force under separate arrangements requiring the following R.C.M.P. personnel -

Campbellton	- 3 NCO's,	8 Constables
Nashwaaksis	- 1 NCO,	4 Constables
Oromocto	- 3 NCO's,	8 Constables
St. Andrews	- 1 NCO,	1 Constable
Nackawic	-	1 Constable

TEMPORARY SUMMER DETACHMENTS

To promote greater efficiency and coverage, summer detachments were operated at the following points -

Baie Ste. Anne	- 2 Constables
Clair	- 2 Constables
Fundy National Park	- 2 Constables

POLICE TRANSPORT

Police Cars	129
Highway Patrol Cars	46
Station Wagons	13
Trucks	1
Inland Water Transport	11
Outboard Motors	12

Distribution of these units is shown in Appendix "B" of this report.

In addition, four snowmobiles have been purchased to be used at Shediac, Sackville and Edmundston Detachments and for the Customs and Excise Section operating out of Fredericton.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Radio despatch centres at Moncton and Fredericton provide 24-hour radio contact to patrols and offices in the Division. New equipment has been installed to meet the requirement of improved radio coverage in the Doaktown and Sackville areas and similar improvements are being prepared for the St. Quentin district. The extent of our coverage now permits members to speak to one another anywhere within their own Sub-Division.

There are telex services available at Edmundston, Fredericton, Saint John, Bathurst, Campbellton and Moncton Detachments. Private wire teletype services between "J" Division HQ and Fredericton Sub-Division HQ, as well as between Moncton and our Crime Detection Laboratory at Sackville, provide a link with our telecommunications system. Telex facilities also give us contact with other police forces in many outside jurisdictions.

POLICE SERVICE DOGS

At the present time we have two dogs stationed in New Brunswick. Both are male Alsatian dogs, a breed commonly known as German Shepherd. There is one team (Master and dog) at Moncton and another at Fredericton. Both teams are subject to temporary duties elsewhere when the need arises.

The usefulness of P. S. dogs in combatting crime and saving lives has been well demonstrated in this Division over the years. In 1972, success was met in 25% of the cases on which these dogs were actively engaged. Statistical data of the work performed by the two teams since 1970 is shown hereunder.

Cases	1970	1971	1972
Search for persons/objects connected with a crime	106	103	108
Escaped Prisoners	19	23	21
Missing/lost persons	24	23	34
Miscellaneous	86	50	72
Drugs	11	37	53
	246	236	288

MARINE SERVICES

The "Detector", a self-sufficient, 65-foot R.C.M.P. vessel manned by a crew of six, and capable of extended patrols, is used to patrol the coast of the Bay of Fundy and inland as far as Grand Lake and Oromocto, via the Saint John river.

As a "floating detachment" the crew assists in general policing during the summer months. Areas patrolled include Deer Island and Campobello Island, utilizing a police car supplied by St. Stephen detachment. During winter months the crew is stationed at Saint John Detachment where they carry out regular police duties.

The vessel is based at Saint John and its functions include the policing of regattas, enforcement of the Migratory Birds Convention Act and the Small Vessel Regulations, as well as the search for lost or drowned persons.

IDENTIFICATION SECTIONS

Fredericton - 3 members
Moncton - 3 members
Bathurst - 2 members
Grand Falls - 2 members

Members at these locations are fully qualified and their expertise extends to fingerprints, photography, surveying, draughting, physical matchings and allied identification-oriented subjects. Additionally, our technicians have all attended short courses of indoctrination at Crime Detection Laboratories, resulting in Identification members being used as consultants by Detachment personnel with regard to what class and type of exhibits the Laboratory requires and what results might be anticipated upon completion of the C.D.L. examinations.

Statistical figures for 1972 follow -

Case files - 1,676
Actual scenes visited - 1,505
Identifiable fingerprints - 2,247
Identified - 941 or 41.8%

In 1972, application was made to the Solicitor General of Canada to have all qualified R.C.M. Police Identification members stationed in New Brunswick designated as Fingerprint Examiners for purposes of certificates required to prove previous conviction under the Criminal Code. At present only three of our ten technicians are so designated.

The services of these units are available to all Detachments, Squads and Sections in the Division. In addition, free service is supplied to Municipal Police Departments who do not have qualified Identification members on their staff.

INTERPOL

Each nation which is a member of Interpol (International Criminal Police Organization) has one National Central Bureau of Interpol, through which all police matters of an international nature are channeled. Although the Royal Canadian Mounted Police acts as the Central Bureau of Interpol for Canada, these facilities are available to all police departments in Canada and international enquiries are directed through our Ottawa Headquarters.

CRIME INDEX SECTION

The National Police Services Information Center in Ottawa collects and disseminates intelligence on crimes and criminals to all accredited police forces in Canada.

There are six Crime Index Sections in the country to meet regional needs. The Section in Halifax provides services to the Atlantic Provinces and publishes a daily bulletin on matters of interest to police forces.

CRIME DETECTION LABORATORIES

Crime Detection Laboratories of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police are maintained at Vancouver, Edmonton, Regina, Ottawa and Sackville, N. B. The Crime Detection Laboratory at Sackville provides free technical services in the forensic sciences to accredited Canadian Law Enforcement Agencies in the enforcement of the criminal law and Provincial Statutes throughout New Brunswick and the other three Atlantic Provinces. The Laboratory is divided into seven operational sections which routinely carry out examinations for the submitting agency. These sections are - Alcohol, Chemistry, Document, Firearms, Hair and Fibre, Serology and Toxicology. The Central Bureau for Counterfeits is located at the Ottawa Laboratory and it receives and examines all counterfeit currency recovered in Canada. During the past year, specialists in the various sections of the laboratory gave evidence in practically every jurisdiction within the Province.

Specialists in the laboratory also provide lectures to members attending In-Service Training and Traffic Courses. The Breathalyzer program in the province receives assistance from the Alcohol Section of the laboratory. This assistance takes in many aspects of the program and includes the training of Breathalyzer Operators, and the servicing of the machines.

SPECIAL SQUADS

Racetrack Detail

Moncton - Two members supervising at Moncton, Shediac and Saint John

Fredericton - One member supervising at Fredericton and Woodstock

Total wagering, 1972	-	$5,192.436.00
Provincial Commissions, 1972	-	189,778.68
Provincial Increase over 1971	-	34,511.77

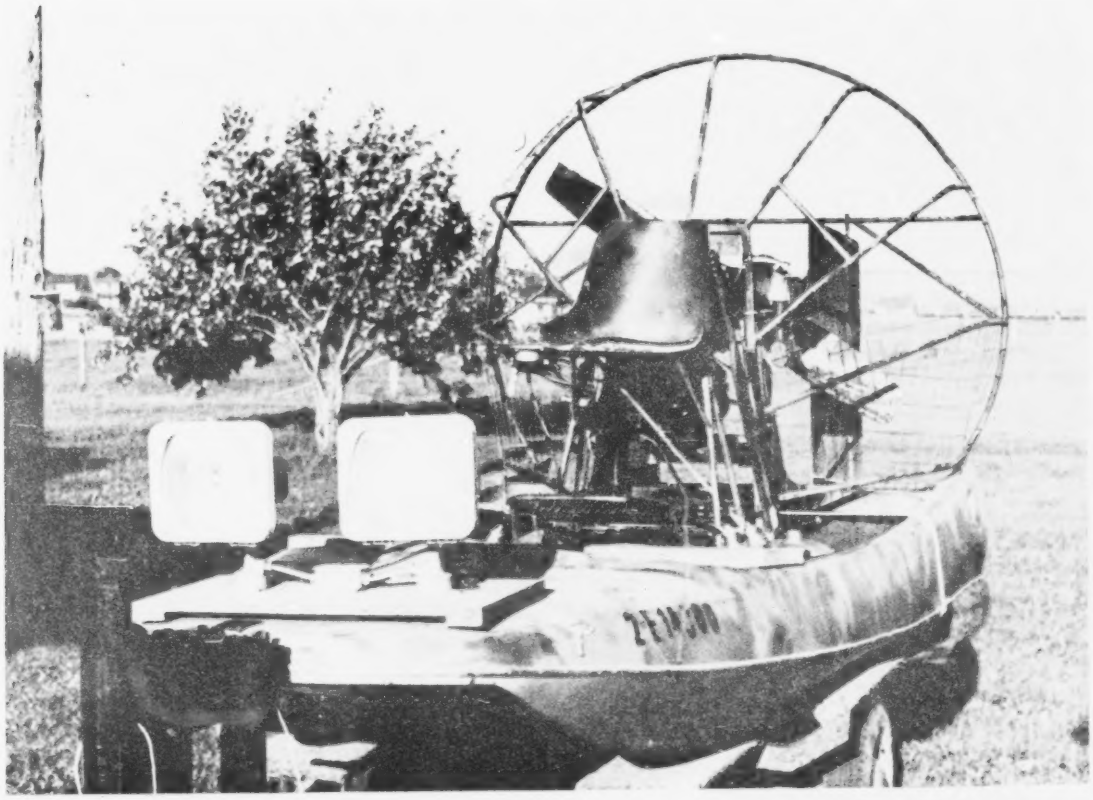
The 1972 harness racing season was successful. The Exhibition Association of Saint John continues to hold a winter racing programme which is extremely well received by racing fans in that area. A total of 205 racing days were approved by the Federal Department of Agriculture for the six existing race tracks in the Province. Of these, 162 days were actually utilized by the respective associations conducting harness racing. Cooperation received from all officials was excellent.

Migratory Birds Convention Act

The Migratory Bird Convention Act Special Enforcement unit consists of one member stationed in Moncton. This unit, in cooperation with the Canadian Wildlife Service and Provincial Game Officers, travels throughout New Brunswick enforcing this particular Act. Each year a special training course of three days duration is held in Fredericton, in which members of our Force and Provincial Game Wardens are given special instructions in respect to enforcement.

All types of vehicles are orought into use to control illegal hunting practices - these include fixed-wing aircraft, helicopters, high speed boats, and others with such odd-sounding names as "Jiggers","Alligators", and

"Air Cats". The latter are used to travel in extremely swampy areas. The picture below shows a typical airboat, property of the Department of Environment, Wildlife Service, used in various operations in the province.



- Airboat -

R.C.M.P. Auxiliary Force

At the end of 1972, the R.C.M.P. Auxiliary Force in this Province had a complement of 201 members. During the year, 11,752 man-hours were worked on in-service training and 606 man-hours were spent attending specially designed courses of instruction.

Auxiliary members have rendered invaluable service while on patrol with regular members and relations are very good.

Close liaison has been maintained with the Provincial Emergency Measures Organization representatives and their contribution to this programme has helped maintain high morale in the Auxiliary Force.

Drugs

As in previous years, the illegal use of drugs remains substantial. It may be noted that during the year the news media within the Province appeared to give less publicity covering convictions of persons for drug offenses. An extensive investigation spanning several months was centered in the eastern part of the Province and resulted in prosecution of a number of major drug traffickers. It would appear that as a result of this investigation, the drug traffic in that area has decreased.

Soft drugs remain the most common drugs of abuse. The drug Lysergic Acid Dialethymide (LSD) appears to be placing second in abuse to the drug MDA at the present time. No seizures of heroin have been made in the Province to date. Close liaison is maintained between members of our Force and Municipal Forces and cooperation in the enforcement of drug laws remains at a high level.

We are continuing our drug seminars at this Headquarters, as well as lectures to Municipal Police Forces, Customs Officers and National Harbours Board Police. This has resulted in a closer liaison with these other law-enforcement agencies. We now have Municipal Police Forces in Moncton, Saint John and Fredericton taking an active part in drug enforcement within their own jurisdictions.

During 1972 there were a number of major seizures of both hashish and liquid hashish at the Port of Saint John. Only one of these seizures, of 197 pounds, was destined for Canada. The others were all destined for the United States market. All of the seizures combined would show an estimated street value of close to three million dollars.

Seaports and airports are possible points of entry for illegal drugs. Our Port of Saint John, as noted above, falls into this category and has been used a great deal in the past year. With regard to the seizures made in Saint John during 1972, 104 pounds of hashish were found hidden inside a tapestry purchased in the Far East, 197 pounds of hashish were located in two suitcases;

and 4½ gallons of liquid hashish were found in trapped gas tanks in a camper-type van. In two of these cases all persons were arrested and subsequently convicted. Excellent cooperation has been received from Customs Officials and National Harbours Board Police in this respect.

Hashish Dissimulated in Tapestry
Saint John, N. B. - 1972

	Narcotic Control Act		Food and Drugs Act	
	Cases	Convictions	Cases	Convictions
	Trafficking and Possession for the Purpose of Trafficking			
1970	17	23	13	22
1971	21	35	17	18
1972	4	7	1	1
	Possession			
1970	60	67	11	15
1971	91	109	20	23
1972	90	98	17	18

N.C.I.U.

The National Crime Intelligence Unit concentrates on gathering intelligence about individuals and firms engaged in dubious schemes. It works in close cooperation with our Commercial Fraud Section and our Drug Section and carries out enquiries for United States and Canadian law-enforcement agencies.

During 1972, this unit conducted investigations into "loan sharking", lotteries, and fraud. Some of these cases are presently before the Courts.

Commercial Fraud

The three members of our Commercial Fraud Section are stationed in Fredericton. Their major functions are the investigation of fraudulent bankruptcies, liaison with and investigations on behalf of the Administrators of the Securities Act and investigations involving fraud perpetrated against some department or agency of the Government. In addition, major or sensitive fraud cases may be assigned for investigation or assistance.

In last year's report, mention was made of the Commercial Fraud Section undertaking an investigation which lead to a Company and eight individuals being charged with conspiracy in that they participated in the promotion of a scheme which contravenes the provisions of Section 139(1)(e) C.C. This particular scheme in recent years

has become known as pyramid selling. After a lengthy and complex preliminary hearing, the Company and individuals were ordered to stand trial. Eventually a "Stay of Proceedings" was entered in this case and the Company alone was charged under Section 189(1)(e) C.C. Following conviction, a $5,000.00 fine was imposed. This successful and most satisfactory conclusion is due in no small part to the capable prosecution of the Crown Prosecutor in this case.

Investigation into a relatively minor but interesting fraud revealed a motel manager paid $225.00 to what turned out to be a nonexistent company for advertising in a nonexistent magazine. During a two-week period, similar advertising was sold to six firms for amounts varying between $25.00 and $225.00. Of the six firms, five were unaware of the fraud until advised by the Commercial Fraud Section. Charges have been laid and warrants obtained.

Another interesting case resulted in a conviction for Using the Mails to Defraud. This individual had rented numerous post office boxes throughout New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. He then proceeded to submit fraudulent applications for loans under the Canada Student Loans Act to the Student Aid Division of the Department of Youth.

The Commercial Fraud Section investigated twelve cases involving false or fraudulent information being furnished with respect to guaranteed student loans under the Canada Student Loans Act. It is believed to be the first time such offenses have been reported in this Province.

General Investigation Sections

There are General Investigation Sections (G.I.S.) at Bathurst, Moncton, Campbellton, Fredericton and Saint John. These sections are employed principally on major investigations and cases where a prolonged, concentrated and involved investigation is necessary.

G.I.S. members are called upon to assist in investigations that involve several detachments. In addition, these sections will render assistance to Municipal Police Forces in specific cases.

PROVINCIAL AND MUNICIPAL LAWS

The following figures indicate the total number of offenses investigated under the Provincial Statutes and Municipal Acts during the three-year period January 1, 1970 to December 31, 1972.

	1970	1971	%CH	1972	%CH
Motor Vehicle Act	27,086	28,066	+3.6	29,413	+4.8
All Other Provincial Statutes	7,080	8,459	+19.5	8,950	+5.8
Municipal Bylaws (except traffic)	52	52	nil	49	-5.8

CRIMINAL CODE OFFENSES

Although total Criminal Code offenses increased by 431 in 1972, 419 of these offenses, or 97% were of a traffic nature. Impaired Driving offenses alone were up by 307.

During the year our members investigated three fatal accidents involving the use of snowmobiles on our highways. The three snowmobile drivers were killed. There were 48 pedestrians killed in 1972 as compared with 42 in 1971. Seventeen or 35% of the pedestrians killed were between the ages of 12 and 17. Of the 16 pedestrians killed who were over 17 years of age, seven or 44% were either intoxicated or had been drinking to some lesser degree.

CRIMINAL CODE OFFENSES AND CLEARANCE RATES

	1971		1972	
	Actual Number	Percentage Cleared	Actual Number	Percentage Cleared
Murder	3	100%	5	80%
Attempted Murder	3	100%	3	100%
Manslaughter	1	100%	0	
Rape	7	100%	7	57%
Other Sexual Offenses	100	84%	82	71%
Wounding	12	75%	3	67%
Assaults (not indecent)	1065	99%	1166	87%

	1971		1972	
	Actual Number	Percentage Cleared	Actual Number	Percentage Cleared
Robbery	35	55%	20	65%
Breaking and Entering	2038	27%	2152	32%
Theft Motor Vehicle	237	61%	261	54%
Theft over $50.00	983	19%	860	22%
Theft $50.00 and under	2241	27%	2253	28%
Possession Stolen Goods	80	88%	111	86%
Frauds	315	67%	312	65%
Gaming and Betting	12	92%	2	100%
Offensive Weapons	100	75%	102	81%
Other Criminal Code (except traffic & arson)	4035	54%	3940	53%
CRIMINAL CODE TRAFFIC OFFENSES				
Criminal Negligence Causing Death	4	100%	8	100%
Criminal Negligence Causing Bodily Harm	2	100%	1	100%
Criminal Negligence Operating Motor Vehicle	1	100%	3	100%
Fail to Stop or Remain at Scene of Accident	129	59%	137	54%
Dangerous Driving	55	96%	41	95%
Driving While Impaired	1588	100%	1895	100%
Fail or Refuse to Provide Breath Sample	120	100%	208	100%
Driving While Disqualified	434	100%	459	100%
Total C.C. Offenses	13600	54%	14031	56%

INTERESTING CASES

For summaries of interesting cases, see Appendix "C" attached.

TRAFFIC LAW ENFORCEMENT AND COLLISION STATISTICS

The following are comparative statistics relating to duties performed on the highways during the past three years.

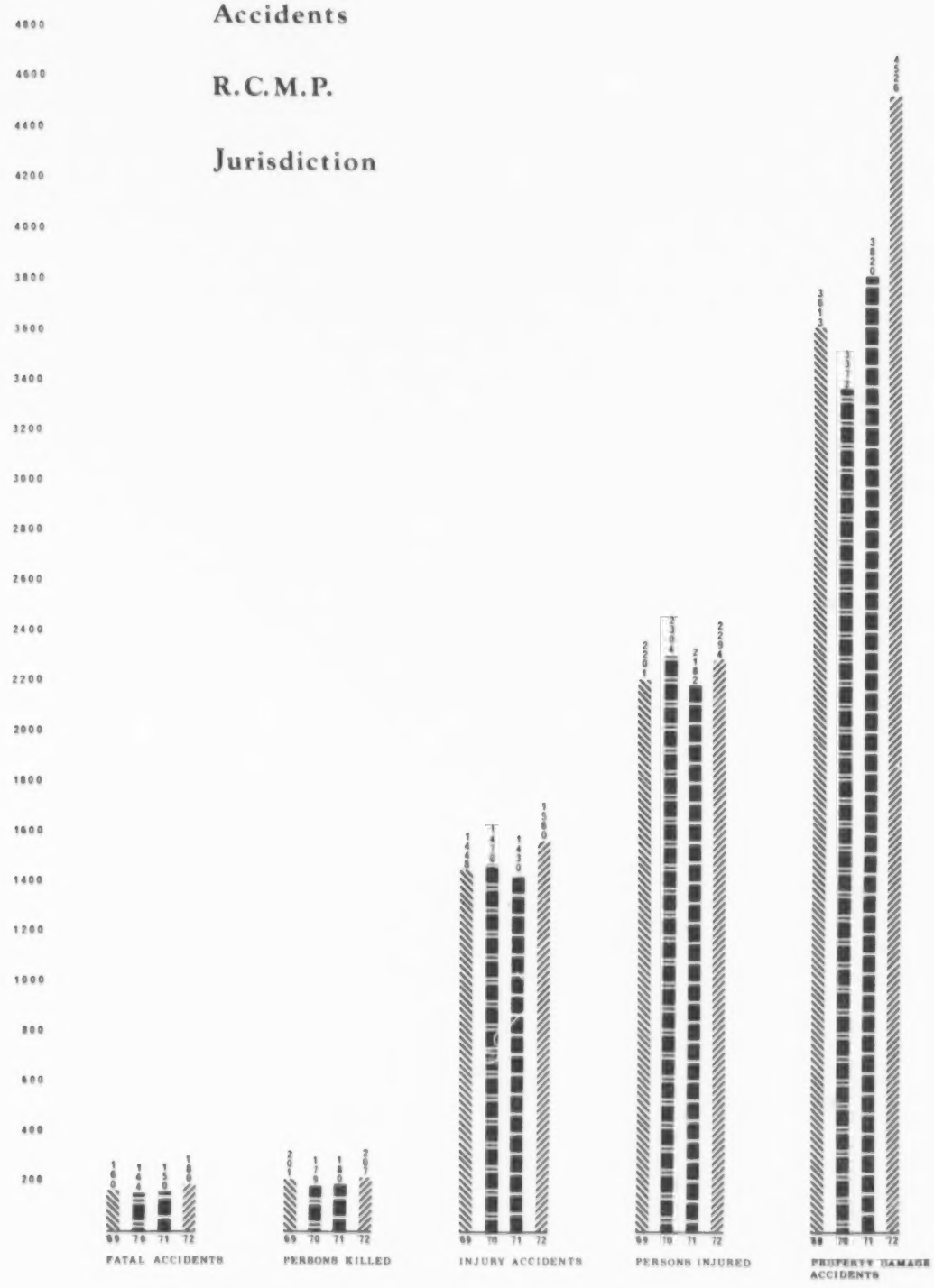
	1970	1971	% CH	1972	% CH
Traffic Cases (M.V.Act)	27,086	28,066	+3.6	29,413	+4.8
Traffic Cases (C.C.)	1,705	2,309	+35.4	2,646	+14.6
Fatal Accidents	144	151	+4.9	180	+19.2
Persons Killed	179	181	+1.1	207	+14.4
Injury Accidents	1,470	1,429	-2.8	1,560	+9.2
Persons Injured	2,304	2,181	-5.3	2,294	+5.2
Property Damage Accidents	3,372	3,820	+13.3	4,526	+18.5
Total Accidents	4,986	5,400	+8.3	6,266	+16.0

- Fatal Accident -

Accidents

R.C.M.P.

Jurisdiction



VASCAR

During the latter part of 1972, the enforcement of speed laws with the use of VASCAR was introduced into the Traffic Law Enforcement Program of the Force in New Brunswick. The R.C.M.P. is presently using this equipment in Alberta, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland. The name is derived by using the first letter of the six words that describe it - Visual Average Speed Computer And Recorder.

One hundred and ten prosecutions were entered during 1972 for offenses detected by VASCAR. The heart of the complete VASCAR device is its digital computer module. In addition it has a control module consisting of two toggle switches, two reset buttons and an illuminated readout dial. This equipment should definitely be an asset to our Highway Patrol Units in assisting them to apprehend chronic violators, thereby reducing the traffic collision potential on our highways. It is hoped that this equipment will also act as a deterrent to violators.

BREATHALYZER OPERATIONS

As 1972 came to a close, many people were questioning the effectiveness of the breathalyzer program in our Province in reducing the fatality rate on our highways. Although the number of fatalities increased in 1972 over the number in 1971, I feel that it did not increase to the level which one might have expected had we not had the breathalyzer program.

The breathalyzer legislation enacted in late 1969 certainly was and still is a great asset to our enforcement personnel in dealing with drivers under the influence of alcohol on New Brunswick highways.

The following figures show the picture on our N. B. highways for the years 1968 to 1972 inclusive.

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972
Fatal Accidents	162	160	144	150	180
Persons Killed	206	201	179	180	207

Every effort is being made to reduce the above rate of increase through enforcement and education, however, we must take into consideration the fact that licensed drivers and registered vehicles increase every year. Motorists in New Brunswick travelled 2,571,000,000 vehicular miles in 1971 and 2,835,000,000 vehicular miles in 1972.

We continued to maintain a high level of enforcement during 1972 and 1,731 persons were given breath tests; an increase of 443 persons tested over the 1971 period. In 1972, 166 persons refused to take the test, while in 1971 there were 110 refusals.

During 1972 new breathalyzer units were placed at Nashwaaksis, Minto, Hillsborough and Shippegan Detachments. We now have 33 breathalyzer units strategically located throughout the Province. Breathalyzer training courses were held at CFB Gagetown, N. B.; Dartmouth and Sydney, Nova Scotia; and we trained a total of 52 Qualified Technicians for our program and six for N. B. Municipal Police Forces. Assistance was rendered to Municipal Police Forces when required.

Section 236 of the Criminal Code prohibits a person who has a blood alcohol reading in excess of 80 mgs.% from driving a motor vehicle. The following statistics show a breakdown of the work conducted during 1972. Only 4% of those tested had a reading of under 100 mgs.% blood alcohol, the average reading was 182 mgs.%.

Month	No. of Tests	Average Blood Alcohol %	No. of Refusals	No. of Charges under 234	235(2)	236	No. cases detected from M.V. accident
Jan.	100	.177%	11	11	9	102	12
Feb.	104	.175%	14	10	7	95	23
Mar.	123	.180%	13	18	10	109	29
Apr.	176	.180%	12	15	9	170	24
May	171	.191%	15	20	13	169	28
Jun.	187	.185%	13	22	14	182	25
Jul.	158	.180%	17	21	17	160	23
Aug.	166	.196%	16	29	19	176	24
Sept.	169	.181%	17	15	17	161	19
Oct.	157	.184%	15	19	15	163	23
Nov.	113	.186%	11	18	15	112	16
Dec.	107	.180%	12	15	10	98	14
Totals	1731		166	213	155	1697	260
Yearly average		.182%					

Breathalyzer Tests Conducted - 1972

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Edmundston	3	5	3	6	5	10	7	5	8	10		9
St. Quentin	2	1	1	5		3	2	2	5	1	3	
Grand Falls	6	4	8	10	11	11	1	4	3	6	2	1
Plaster Rock		1		2			1	3	1	2	1	
Perth-Andover	1	8	2	3	9	7	8	2	1	1	3	3
Florenceville	1	2	3	2	3	8	5	4	10	6	5	
Woodstock	6		10	12	5	9	7	5	10	9	5	5
Doaktown	2	1		1	3	5	5	1	4			
Fredericton	10	7	10	16	8	6	6	6	13	8	7	7
Chipman	1	1	3	6	5	7	3					
Oromocto	3	1	4	6	12	7	7	15	10	11	9	12
Saint John	4	4	4	6	6	3	1	4	2	1	3	2
St. George	2	5	5	7	6	9	13	5	2	2	3	4
Sussex	2	5	2	3	7	8	3	6	1	7	7	10
Moncton	8	6	10	14	10	8	8	11	8	12	6	10
Sackville	7	4	13	13	8	6	8	9	12	8	6	6
Shediac	3	2	2	7	4	10	4	3	3	3	3	4
Richibucto	2		3	1	5	4	2	4	4	3	2	
Newcastle	7	14	2	3	6	2	2	7	11	5	5	5
Bathurst	3	6	6	5	7	5	7	6	2	2		1
Tracadie	2	4	4	4	4	8	15	5	9	17	4	
Caraquet	3		5	6	3	5		6	5	4	6	2
Jacquet River	3	1	1	9	7	5	7	5	3	3	3	3
Campbellton	5	9	5	11	9	10	7	9	15	12	8	7
Hampton	2	1	6		6	6	1	10	1	2	6	4
Petitcodiac	9	5	8	6	9	9	4	3	5	2	3	4
St. Stephen			1	2	3	1	10	5	4	7	2	1
St. Leonard		4	1	7	4	4	7		2	7	2	3
Buctouche	3	3	1	3	6	11	7	9	10	3	8	3

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
* Minto								5	2	1	1	
** Nashwaaksis									1	2		
** Shippegan								7	2			1
** Hillsborough												
Totals	100	104	123	176	171	187	158	166	169	157	113	107

* New Breathalyzer instrument installed July, 1972

** New Breathalyzer instrument installed August, 1972.

CASES STILL UNDER INVESTIGATION

Investigation continues into unconcluded cases whenever and wherever old or new avenues of investigation merit further attention.

Outstanding major investigations are under constant review and special attention is given to cases involving death.

Extensive investigations were carried out and are continuing into separate hit and run accidents that claimed the lives of twin brothers at Upper Blackville and a young woman at Barker's Point.

OFFENSES RELATING TO CURRENCY

During the past year, the number of cases involving the circulation of counterfeit currency of both Canadian and American origin has continued to decrease. During the year, seven cases were investigated, resulting in the seizure of ten counterfeit notes. In addition to these notes, three counterfeit Canadian Money Orders were seized.

ARSON

The year 1972 was one in which 192 fires of dubious origin took their toll in loss of property within the Province of New Brunswick. Investigations carried out were hampered in many instances by a lack of evidence or way of establishing the cause of the fire due to total destruction.

Sixteen charges were laid against 12 adults and four juveniles. The total number of fires decreased

by 67 from the previous year. The majority of these fires could be classified as being of a mischievous nature.

Halloween night still remains the most active night with regard to fires being deliberately set. Of the total number of fires investigated, 64 were the result of Halloween vandalism. All possible efforts have been and will continue to be put forth by our members to prevent this type of vandalism.

On April 9, 1972, a fire destroyed the J. W. and J. Anderson Ltd. complex at Burnt Church, N. B. The loss was valued at $200.000.00. As a result of an extensive investigation, two adults and one juvenile were charged and convicted of Break, Enter and Commit Arson. This was also the most costly fire deliberately set in the Province.

OFFENSES AGAINST THE RIGHTS OF PROPERTY

In the past year, the incidence of theft of automobiles has continued to maintain its upward trend over the previous year. There were 261 vehicles reported stolen during the year compared with 237 during 1971.

False pretenses and forgeries did not vary to any great degree from 1971. Methods utilized by criminals committing these types of offenses remain the same.

In many instances the cheque passer could have been discouraged or later identified if the victim had been cautious enough to obtain more details about the passer at the time the cheque was accepted.

LIQUOR CONTROL ACT

The enforcement of the N. B. Liquor Control Act is our responsibility. However, general enforcement of the Act still rests with the various Municipal Police Forces within their respective jurisdictions. Serious offenses are usually investigated by this Force. Investigations involving licensed premises are dealt with by inspectors of the N. B. Liquor Control Commission. Selected members at various detachments spend considerable time on enforcement, concentrating principally on offenses relating to the illegal sale of liquor.

Statistics for 1972 are as follows -

Offenses	Offenses Reported	Convictions	Dismissed	Outstanding
Selling and Keeping for Sale, Sec. 117	67	57	1	9
Illegal Possession, Sec. 118 *	6,978	6,877	11	90
Possession of Liquor other than Commission, Sec. 119	29	29		
Offenses Committed by Minors, Sec. 123	552	529	12	11
Possession by Restricted Person, Sec. 143(3)	13	10	2	1
Other Offenses	22	17	3	2
Unknown Seizures *	281			

* Indicates increase from previous year.

INTOXICATED PERSONS DETENTION ACT

One thousand and forty-eight persons were detained under the provisions of the Intoxicated Persons Detention Act.

CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE

During the year 1972, this Force prosecuted 12 persons under Sections 203 and 204 of the Criminal Code. Three persons were convicted and three acquitted. Six cases are still before the Courts.

OTHER PROVINCIAL STATUTES

Our prime responsibility with respect to the Gasoline and Motive Fuel Tax Act is concentrated on checking suspect vehicles operating on the highways using tax exempt gasoline. Motor Vehicle Inspectors are essentially responsible for the enforcement of the Act and dealing with the wholesale and retail trade of gasoline and other motive fuels.

Our members continue to check salvage dealers and second hand stores licensed under the Salvage Dealers Licensing Act. These outlets can provide criminals with a good "fence" to dispose of stolen goods.

Forest Rangers are assisted by members of this Force in dealing with serious infractions of the Provincial Game Act. However, violators detected by our members are dealt with by our Force.

NONCRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS

Other functions performed by our Force in New Brunswick during 1972 included police duties relating to -

(1) Strikes and Demonstrations
(2) Assistance to Public - Noncriminal Matters
(3) Missing Persons
(4) Lost and Found Property
(5) Mentally Disturbed or Deranged Persons
(6) Firearms Registrations and Permits
(7) Noncriminal Investigations for Foreign Authorities
(8) Security of Visiting VIP's
(9) Highway Safety Education.

The Force rendered assistance to other law-enforcement bodies during the past year regarding matters of criminal and noncriminal nature.

TOURIST ALERT SERVICE

This service was introduced to assist citizens in locating relatives or friends vacationing or travelling through New Brunswick. Requests of this nature are generally prompted by urgent family matters following injury, sickness or death.

During the 1972 tourist season we were successful in locating 77% of the 316 requests which is a substantial increase over the previous year. This success is largely attributed to extended coverage given by news media, as well as to the alertness of our members on patrol.

REVENUE COLLECTED FOR THE PROVINCE

This Force is no longer involved in the collection of racetrack commissions in this Province. The following comparative figures indicate the amounts collected in voluntary penalties under the Motor Vehicle Act.

1970	1971	1972
$285,784.61	$331,724.84	$338,132.16

An additional $2,589.59 was collected for the Province under the Motorized Snow Vehicles Act.

STAFFING BRANCH - RECRUITING

The Recruiting Program for 1972 was most successful with particular emphasis being placed on the engagement of Francophone/Bilingual applicants. Numerous high schools and universities were visited by detachment personnel in an effort to stimulate recruiting and enhance our community relations program. Members of the "J" Division Staffing Branch attended Career Expositions and 52 "On Campus" interviews were conducted at universities and colleges in the Province of New Brunswick.

During 1972, 294 new applications for engagement were received from residents of the Province and 62 were engaged and posted to our Training Centre at Regina, Saskatchewan. There are 40 additional applications fully processed and acceptable for engagement when vacancies within the Force permit. Of those sworn in as members of the Force during the last eight months of 1972, seven had university degrees and 18 were bilingual.

In addition to Regular Member engagements one Special Constable and five Civilian Members were hired for various specialized duties.

Interviewers of the "J" Division Staffing Branch carried out a total of 486 interviews, which consisted of selection of new recruits, placement of serving personnel and regular biennial interviews. The results of these interviews continue to provide the basis for assessment of our manpower and are of considerable importance and assistance when promoting and transferring members to enhance career development and job efficiency.

TRAINING PROGRAM

The training given to members of the Force stationed in New Brunswick during 1972 was carried out in accordance with policies, objectives and goals of the Force. There was a marked increase in training offered to Municipal Police Departments, Customs Officers, and other Law Enforcement Agencies in Breathalyzer and Radar Operation, Drug Enforcement and various other areas.

We continued to provide Recruit Field Training (six months on-the-job training conducted at selected field detachments where recruits are functional policemen) to those members coming to this Division directly from the six months Basic Recruit Training at "Depot" Division, Regina.

Courses of two-week duration for the General Duty and Highway Patrol Constables continued throughout the year, with a view to improving the efficiency of law enforcement in areas where research has shown a need for training. We also continued to provide training in Basic Personnel Management for Corporals and Senior Constables, employed in first-line supervisory positions. Short courses of one to three days in duration of a specialized nature were conducted in various fields, such as Drug Enforcement and Vascar Operation, Ground Search and Rescue, etc., where a definite need emerged in respect to police operations.

Including the training mentioned above, the following is a list of the courses given to members of "J" Division in New Brunswick or at other points outside the Province.

Description of Training	No. of Personnel Attending
Accident Investigation Northwestern University	3
Breathalyzer Operators	53
Computer Systems Fundamentals	2
Counterfeit Investigators	2
Criminal Intelligence	2
Disaster Readiness	1
Drug Enforcement	41
Drug Investigational Techniques	2
English Language	2
Equitation	1
Explosives Identification and Safety	23
First Aid	71

Description of Training	No. of Personnel Attending
First Aid Instructors	2
French Language	26
Ground Search and Rescue	19
Investigational Techniques	2
Junior Constables In-Service Training	49
Migratory Birds Convention Act	10
National Criminal Intelligence	1
Police Leadership	12
Police Personnel Management	13
Preventive Service	34
Radar Operators	39
School of Instructional Technique	4
Senior Police Administration	6
Supplementary Firearms Training	11
Traffic Course	29
University Training	3
Vascar Operators	9

All NCO's and Constables in the Division took part in our annual revolver and rifle training.

BUILDINGS AND ACCOMMODATION

During the past year we have completed Crown construction of a new building at Gagetown, N. B., consisting of offices, married and single quarters. New quarters have been provided under the Build-for-Lease program at Saint John. Extensive renovations are being carried out to our Administration building at Moncton, and minor renovations at Newcastle and St. George. In addition, new accommodation is being constructed by the Department of Public Works for our Detachment and Highway Patrol functions at Fredericton.

CONCLUSION

Statistics embodied herein were collected and compiled from data supplied by operational units and accurate interpretation may, in some cases, necessitate additional information. Distribution of manpower and

assignment of tasks is based on local statistics about time and place of crime and incidents requiring police action. Our clearance rate of crime remains one of the highest in Canada.

The new bail reform provisions of the Criminal Code and other rehabilitative changes in the penal system have been accepted by our members without difficulty. Programing of our Division training is fashioned to keep abreast of the many changes. Relations with the public in the province are very good but we constantly strive to improve the quality of member - citizen contact. Members are encouraged to participate more actively in community activities.

We gratefully acknowledge the spirit of cooperation received from the populace of New Brunswick, from personnel in Provincial Departments with whom we came in contact, Municipal Police Forces and Administrative fields of adjoining jurisdictions; many of whom have contributed substantially to the success we have enjoyed.

Special mention is given to the excellent service so willingly given our Force by the varied fields of the news media. Their confidence and support have been appreciated by all ranks and relates prominently in the promotion of safety programs, police - community relations, enforcement data and assistance to the general public within or passing through this Province.

This Force has served New Brunswick for the past forty years and, as we enter our Centennial year of 1973, I am confident that our obligations and challenges, ever increasing, will be met with determination and processed with understanding.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. G. Hurlow, C/Supt.
Commanding "J" Division

Organization as of December 31, 1972

	Chief Supt.	Superintendent	Inspector	Sergeant Major	S/Sergeant Major	Staff Sergeant	Sergeant	Corporal	Constable	Civilian Member	Public Servant	Civ.Employee Pd by Municipality	Totals
"J" Div HQ Fredericton	1	1	2	1		5	11	15	13	8	36		93
Fredericton S/D HQ		1				1		1			1		4
Dog Section								1					1
G.I.S.							1		2		1		4
Drug Section								1	1				2
S/D Highway Patrol							1	1	11		1		14
Identification Sec.						1	1	1					3
Customs & Excise Sec.								1	1				2
Fredericton Section NCO						1							1
Chipman Det.								1	1				2
Chipman H.P.									2				2
Doaktown Det.								1	2				3
Doaktown H.P.									2				2
Fredericton Det.						1	1	2	13		2		19
Gagetown Det.								1	1				2
Grand Harbour Det.								1	1				2
Hampton Det.								1	2				3
Hampton H.P.								1	3				4
McAdam Det.								1	1				2
Minto Det.								1	4				5
Nashwaaksis Mun. Det.								1	4				5
Oromocto Town Det.							1	2	8			1	12
St. Andrews Town Det.								1	1				2

Organization as of December 31, 1972

	Chief Supt.	Superintendent	Inspector	Sergeant Major	S/Sergeant Major	Staff Sergeant	Sergeant	Corporal	Constable	Civilian Member	Spl.Constable	Public Servant	Civ.Employee Pd by Municipality	Totals
St. George Det.								1	3					4
St. George H.P.									2					2
Saint John Det.						1	1	2	11			3		18
Saint John H.P.								1	4					5
P/B "Detector"							1	2	3					6
St. Stephen Det.								1	2					3
Sussex Det.							1		4			1		6
Sussex H.P.								1	3					4
Grand Falls Section NCO						1								1
Edmundston Det.							1	1	5			1		8
Edmundston H.P.								1	3					4
Florenceville Det.							1		4			1		6
Florenceville H.P.									2					2
Grand Falls Det.								1	3					4
Grand Falls H.P.									2					2
Grand Falls Ident.								1	1					2
Nackawic Mun. Det.									1					1
Perth-Andover Det.								1	3		1			5
Perth-Andover H.P.									2					2
Plaster Rock Det.								1	1					2
St. Leonard Det.								1	1					2
St. Quentin Det.								1	2					3
Woodstock Det.							1		4			1		6
Woodstock H.P.								1	3					4

Organization as of December 31, 1972

	Chief Supt.	Superintendent	Inspector	Sergeant Major	S/Sergeant Major	Staff Sergeant	Sergeant	Corporal	Constable	Civilian Member	Spl. Constable	Public Servant	Civ.Employee Pd by Municipality	Totals
Moncton S/D HQ		1			1		1	4	2	6		9		24
Dog Section									1					1
G.I.S.							1	1	1					3
S/D Highway Patrol							1		9			1		11
Traffic NCO							1							1
S/D Court Detail								1						1
Drug Section								1	1					2
Identification Sec.							1	1	1					3
Moncton Section NCO						1								1
Buctouche Det.								1	3					4
Hillsborough Det.								1	2					3
Moncton Det.						1		2	10			1		14
Newcastle Det.							1	1	5			2		9
Newcastle H.P.								1	5					6
Petitcodiac Det.								1	2					3
Petitcodiac H.P.									2					2
Port Elgin Det.								1	1					2
Richibucto Det.								1	2		1			4
Richibucto H.P.								1	2					3
Sackville Det.								1	3					4
Sackville H.P.								1	2					3
Shediac Det.							1		4			1		6
Shediac H.P.								1	2					3

Organization as of December 31, 1972

	Chief Supt.	Superintendent	Inspector	Sergeant Major	S/Sergeant Major	Staff Sergeant	Sergeant	Corporal	Constable	Civilian Member	Spl.Constable	Puolic Servant	Civ.Employee Pd by Municipality	Totals
Bathurst Section NCO						1								1
Bathurst Det.							1	1	4			2		8
Bathurst Ident.								1	1					2
Bathurst G.I.S.								1						1
Bathurst H.P.								1	3					4
Campbellton Det.							1		4			1		6
Campbellton H.P.								1	2					3
Campbellton City Det.						1		2	8				3	14
Caraquet Det.								1	2					3
Caraquet H.P.									2					2
Jacquet River Det.								1	3					4
Jacquet River H.P.									2					2
Neguac Det.								1	1		1			3
Shippegan Det.								1	2					3
Tracadie Det.								1	2					3
Tracadie H.P.									2					2
Non-Contract Services														
N.C.I.U.							1							1
Racetrack Detail									3					3
C.I.B. Services Sec.								1						1
Attached														
University Training							1	1	1					3

Distribution of Police Transports - December 31, 1972

Location	Police Cars	Highway Cars	Station Wagons	Trucks	Boats	Motors
Division HQ	13		4	1		
Fredericton S/D HQ	8		3			
Edmundston Sec.NCO	1					
Fredericton S/D Dets						
Chipman	1	1				
Doaktown	2	1				
Edmundston	4	2			1	1
Florenceville	3	1				
Fredericton	8	7	1		1	1
Gagetown	1				1	1
Grand Falls	2	1	1			
Grand Harbour	1					
Hampton	2	2				
McAdam	1					
Minto	3					
Nashwaaksis Mun.	2					
Oromocto	3					
Perth-Andover	2	1				
Plaster Rock	1					
Saint John	7	3				
St. Andrews	1					
St. George	2	1				
St. Leonard	1					
St. Quentin	2					
St. Stephen	2				1	2
Sussex	3	2				
Woodstock	3	2			1	1
P.B. "Detector"					1	1

Distribution of Police Transports - December 31, 1972

Location	Police Cars	Highway Cars	Station Wagons	Trucks	Boats	Motors
Moncton S/D HQ	7		3			
Bathurst Sec.NCO	1					
Moncton S/D Dets						
Bathurst	4	2	1		1	1
Buctouche	2					
Campbellton	2	2				
Campbellton City	3					
Caraquet	2	1				
Hillsborough	2					
Jacquet River	2	1				
Moncton	7	5			2	1
Newcastle	3	3				
Neguac	1				1	1
Petitcodiac	2	1				
Port Elgin	1					
Richibucto	2	2				
Sackville	2	2				
Shediac	3	2			1	2
Shippegan	2					
Tracadie	2	1				

Interesting Cases

Murder

In late June, 1972, a 33-year-old woman from Campbellton, N. B., disappeared and remained unheard from by her acquaintances. At the outset, even her close friends were not unduly alarmed at her absence, however, after several weeks her daughter reported the matter to Police.

The investigators in the Campbellton area knew of the missing woman, her habits, and also that she had been known to take periodic unannounced trips. Initially, no evidence was found to cause alarm and the consensus was that she would soon turn up.

In October, some three months later, her daughter received additional information and as a result took her suspicions that her mother had met with foul play to the Police. The search for the missing woman now started in earnest, with special investigators assigned to the case. In late October her badly decomposed body was found in bushland in the St. Jean Baptiste area of Restigouche County. The elements and other related factors had taken their toll. It was interesting to note however that one very distinguishable parchment of flesh remained. It had been the part of the body where a bright-coloured tattoo had been placed. The investigators found that the tattoo area was exceptionally well preserved and they were thus able to complete positive identification.

Soon after the discovery of the body a suspect was taken into custody. A charge of Murder was instituted, however, was later reduced to Manslaughter. In the disposition of the case before the Court the accused was sentenced to a term of five years to be served in the Federal Penitentiary at Dorchester.

Attempted Murder

John Barry McLeod, age 28, James Cedric Cavanaugh, age 24, were each sentenced to serve a total of 15 years in the Penitentiary at Dorchester on double counts of attempted murder. A fifth charge of a similar offense was withdrawn against a third person.

The events leading up to this adjudication stem from a relatively minor crime - theft of a television set from a Sackville merchant. However, as often is the case, unexpected factors arose. In the Police pursuit which ensued, two Policemen were fired upon by the desperate fugitives attempting to escape.

In the aftermath of the pursuit and capture of those involved, one police Constable was in hospital critically wounded, another policeman had narrowly escaped a similar fate. This Force officially recognized the cooperation and effectiveness of the Dieppe Town Police Department.

Armed Robbery

During a summer morning, the Credit Union (Caisse Populaire) in Kedgwick, N. B., was robbed by three armed men, $42,000.00 in cash being taken at gunpoint.

Three airplanes were used in the search and roadblocks were instituted around the entire area and in the adjoining Province of Quebec. Reinforcements for the hunt for the suspects were rushed to the area from various Police posts across New Brunswick. The Police Service Dog was pressed into the hunt, as well as a Police artist, who made up composite drawings of those wanted from verbal descriptions by witnesses.

While the hunt persisted without stop, the success enjoyed here was attributed to assistance received from other Police Forces and citizens and the dedication of investigators directly concerned.

The final scene terminated in thick bush at the base of Sugarloaf Mountain on the outskirts of Campbellton City and overlooking the Bay of Chaleur. This is where, at daybreak, the robbers were surprised by police surrounding the area. They offered no resistance and turned over to our investigators their revolvers, ammunition, and the $42,000.00.

On September 13, 1972, convictions of armed robbery under the Criminal Code were registered against all three and sentences of seven years each were handed down.

Break, Enter and Theft

Citizens in the vicinity of the N. B. Liquor Store at Clair were aroused early in the morning of July 20th by sounds of hammering coming from within the store. Our member at Clair Detachment was notified and immediately went to the scene, bearing in mind that his area had been victimized by break-ins over the past several months.

His subsequent investigation brought him in contact with the B. E. & T. artist,who was armed with a loaded revolver, as he left the Store. The element of surprise was on the side of the investigator and the suspect was apprehended. His vehicle, which was located nearby, revealed numerous items which had been stolen in previous offenses, to which the accused admitted.

Mischief and Pointing a Firearm

In May of 1972, Woodstock Community T.V. reported to the local Detachment that some $35,000.00 damage had been caused to their equipment in the Newburg district of Carleton County.

The investigation utilized the services of the Police Service Dog and Master. This team, within seven hours from the initial report, succeeded in literally tracking down the responsible party, who, incidentally, met the investigators with a levelled Winchester rifle. The accused was disarmed and subsequently convicted for Mischief and Pointing a Firearm, offenses under the Criminal Code of Canada.

Driving with More than 80 mgs. of Alcohol in Blood

In January Jacquet River detachment was called upon to investigate a head-on collision at River Charlo. One of the drivers, who had been seriously injured, was suspected of having driven his automobile while his ability was impaired by alcohol.

Our investigator observed that blood this person had lost at the scene had frozen on the pavement in sub-zero temperatures. A sample of this frozen blood was obtained and laboratory evidence it provided resulted in this person being found guilty of an offense under Section 236 of the Criminal Code.

Identification of Found Female Body

On June 5th, 1972, an unidentified female body was washed ashore in the Bay of Chaleur region at Green Point. After it was determined that the body did not match any person missing from that area, an article was printed in our Gazette. A short time later the Quebec Police Force contacted our Bathurst detachment and it was determined that the body was that of one of the victims of the landslide tragedy which occurred at St. Jean Vianney, Dubuc County, Quebec, on May 4th, 1971. It is interesting to note that it is 500 miles from the point this body entered the St. Lawrence River to where it was washed ashore. Positive identification was made by means of a dental chart.